## Preparing for Institutional Self Study

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Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges

ASSOCIATE

#### What we will cover today

Accreditation and the ACCJC/WASC The 2002 Standards of Accreditation The requirements for evidence in the Self Study The Themes in the 2002 Standards Organizing the college community for self study Resources for doing a self study Special Commission concerns and related policies Format of the Self Study Report and the Site Visit

**ACCJC** Documents to support the Self Study Guide to Evaluating Institutions Self Study Manual Accreditation Reference Handbook Distance Learning Manual C-RAC Guide for Institutions and **Evaluators** C-RAC Student Learning: Principles for Good Practices Continued

#### ACCJC Documents Continued

 Rubric for Evaluating Institutional Effectiveness

 Guidelines for Review of Financial Resources

#### The Purposes of Accreditation are:

To provide assurance to the public that education provided by institutions meets acceptable levels of quality To promote continuous institutional improvement To maintain the high quality of higher educational institutions in the region/nation

# ACCJC encourages and supports institutional development through:

 Establishing standards of quality based upon excellent practices in higher education

Evaluating institutions with these standards using a three-part process that entails
 Institutional Self Study
 Peer Review
 Commission Review

ACCJC Bylaws, Accreditation Reference Handbook, p. 133

#### **Commission Actions on Institutions**

The Commission determines the accredited status of a member institution.
The Commission communicates the accreditation decision to the institution.
The Commission communicates the accreditation decision to the public.

## The Standards of Accreditation

### Standards of Accreditation:

Are necessary conditions for high quality education
Reflect excellent practices in higher education, not common practice
Apply to diverse institutions

#### Standards are not:

- Inclusive of *every* excellent practice in higher education
- Representative of state or system regulations or requirements or used to enforce those regulations or requirements
- Meant to represent the "standards" of other groups that purport to establish best practice or quality

### The ACCJC Standards

Standard I: Institutional Mission and Effectiveness Standard II: Student Learning **Programs and Services** Standard III: Resources Standard IV: Leadership and Governance

#### Standard I: Institutional Mission and Effectiveness

A. Mission – *The institution:*Defines its purpose
Defines its intended population
Defines its commitment to student learning

continued...

## B. Improving Institutional Effectiveness – *The institution:*

Provides evidence it collects and uses student achievement and student learning outcomes data

Provides evidence it conducts program review and other ongoing, systematic evaluation Provides evidence it uses systematic assessment and planning to improve educational effectiveness and institutional quality



#### Standard II: Student Learning Programs and Services

A. Instructional Programs – The institution: Offers high quality instructional programs wherever and however they are offered Identifies student learning outcomes and evaluates how well students are learning Assesses student achievement Assesses programs systematically Assures quality and improvement of <u>all</u> programs including distance and off campus



Student Support Services – *The institution:* B. Researches and identifies the learning support needs of its students Provides appropriate, comprehensive learning support services to its students regardless of location or delivery method Provides precise and accurate information about the institution to students and the public

continued...

B. Student Support Services: continued Assesses the quality of those services by evaluating student achievement and student learning outcomes as appropriate Uses the results of evaluation to plan and implement improvements to student support services

C. Library and Learning Support Services – The institution: Offers sufficient services to support the quality of its instructional programs Includes library, tutoring, technology and other learning support services Trains students and staff to use these services Assesses services systematically using SLOs as appropriate Assures quality and improvement of services

**Standard III: Resources** A. Human resources – *The institution:* Employs qualified personnel Evaluates all personnel Ensures professional development of personnel Assesses its performance in employment equity and diversity Uses human resources to support student learning Integrates human resource planning with institutional planning



B. Physical Resources – *The institution:* Provides safe and sufficient facilities and equipment Evaluates the quality of its physical resources on a regular basis Ensures physical resources support student learning Integrates physical resource planning with institutional planning

C. Technology Resources – *The institution:* Ensures its technology supports facilities, research and college-wide communication Provides training to students and personnel in the use of technology Ensures that technology supports student learning programs and services Integrates technology planning with institutional planning

D. Financial Resources – *The institution:*Ensures fiscal stability and integrity
Plans for short-term and long-term financial needs

 Ensures that financial resources are sufficient to support student learning programs and services and to improve institutional effectiveness
 Integrates financial planning with institutional

planning

## Standard IV: Leadership and Governance

#### A. Decision-Making Roles and Processes – *The institution:*

Uses ethical and effective leadership that enables it to identify values, set and achieve goals, learn, and improve Provides for staff, faculty, administrator, and student involvement in governance Establishes and evaluates the effectiveness of governance structures and processes Ensures that governance supports student learning and improves institutional effectiveness

## B. Board and Administrative Organization – *The institution:*

Has an independent governing board that sets policy, assures quality and integrity of student learning programs and services and financial stability

- Has a chief administrator that provides leadership for institutional quality and improvement
- Has clearly defined and effective lines of authority and responsibility between colleges and the district/system in a multi-college system.

Ensures that board and administrative organization supports student learning and improves institutional effectiveness

## The Requirements for Evidence in the Self Study

Data in the Self Study should be: (see *Guide to Evaluating Institutions* for samples)

 Qualitative or quantitative presented in data tables, charts and graphs or documentary form with analyses
 Longitudinal, where appropriate, with analyses

Data about the institution's service area (related to mission) should include:

-labor market information-demographic information-socio-economic information

# Data about incoming students should include:

 -information about student educational goals (programs)

 information about student educational goals (courses, certificates, degrees, transfer, jobs, etc.)

-information about student readiness for college/needs for remedial instruction

# Data about enrolled students should include:

(See Guide to Evaluating Institutions pp 10-11)

-PT/FT enrollments -student demographics -student educational goals (courses, certificates, transfer, degrees, jobs, etc.) -student enrollment across the range of instructional programs.

Data about enrolled students must include Student Achievement. -course completion data -retention term to term -progression to next course/level -program completion -degree/certificate completion -transfer rates to four-year institutions -scores on licensure exams -job placement/post training

# Data on *Student Achievement* can also include:

-average grades awarded -alumni survey responses -employer survey results -course outlines containing evaluation methods for course objectives -SCANS skills assessment results -Common course examination results -English, math, and ESL placement results

# Data on *Program Review* should include:

-institutional program review data including longitudinal data

- -course outlines/syllabi showing intended learning outcomes and evaluation methods
- -catalogues showing program goals and learning outcomes
- -budgets showing adequate resources
  -policies on curricular review
  -evidence of regular course review and improvement

# Data on *Student Learning Outcomes* should include:

-catalogue and institutional descriptions of programs with related SLOs -course outlines/syllabi with stated SLOs -portfolios, productions, and samples of student work -grading rubrics where they exist -summary data on SLO attainment -evidence that SLO data is used for institutional self-evaluation, planning, and improvement of teaching and learning

# Data on *Student Services* should include:

-student services program reviews -student satisfaction or follow-up surveys -records of student use of services -student services planning documents -catalogue, handbook, web-page descriptions of student services -policies on academic progress, honesty, codes of conduct, grievance and complaint procedures -availability of services (off-campus and DL)

# In using evidence, the college should:

Gather it routinely and systematically Analyze and reflect upon it Publish it and share it widely within the college (research reports, fact books) Use it to plan and implement program improvements Use it to plan and implement institutional improvements

#### Rubric for Evaluating Institutional Effectiveness

This rubric measures the following characteristics of institutional effectiveness and evaluates each to determine the level of institutional implementation (Awareness, Development, Proficiency, or Sustainable Continuous Quality Improvement).

> Program Review Planning Student Learning Outcomes

## Themes in the Standards

# See Self Study Manual pp 5-6

 Dialogue
 Student Learning Outcomes
 Institutional Commitments  Evaluation, Planning, and Improvement
 Organization
 Institutional Integrity

#### 2. Student Learning Outcomes

The institution should:

- Identify intended SLOs at the course, program, and degree levels
- Inform students of intended SLOs
- Evaluate the actual student learning outcomes
- Demonstrate that evaluations are used to improve learning and teaching

#### What are Student Learning Outcomes?

Knowledge
Skills
Abilities
Understanding

SLOs are defined in the context of each college's mission, populations and programs, as well as the values of "higher education."

#### For some institutions, Student Learning Outcomes may include

Attitudes
Beliefs
Opinions
Values

SLOs are defined in the context of each college's mission, populations and programs, as well as the values of "higher education."

# 3. Institutional Commitments Commitment of the <u>whole</u> institution to: Delivery of high quality education congruent with mission and responsive to student needs Student learning as primary mission > Periodic review of mission statement > A culture and practice of continuous quality improvement

# 4. Evaluation, Planning, and Improvement

- Accreditation processes emphasize the importance of evaluation and improvement as established practice
- Institutions should establish continuous, ongoing processes for rigorous evaluation of institutional quality and educational effectiveness
- Institutions cannot actively change what they do not measure
- Good evaluation is critical to support improvement

#### Cyclical Evaluation, Planning, and Improvement

Set Goals, plan improvement

Allocate needed resources

Evaluate student needs, college programs and services

Implement plans

## 5. Organization

#### The institution:

Has adequate staff, resources and organizational, communication and decisionmaking structures to produce and support student learning

Has in place the organizational means to identify and make public the learning outcomes, to evaluate the effectiveness of programs in producing those outcomes, and to make improvements

## 6. Institutional Integrity

The institution demonstrates: Honesty and truthfulness in the manner in which it represents itself to all stakeholders, internal and external, including the Commission Integrity of its policies, practices, and procedures Regard for issues of equity and diversity in the manner in which it treats students, employees, and its publics Clarity, understandability, accessibility, and appropriateness of publications

> Academic freedom

Integrity in its determination of grades and credits

# Organizing the College Community for Self Study

#### In order to achieve an <u>accurate</u> Self Study Report institutions should seek

Broad participation from:
Faculty
Administrators
Support Staff
Students

Leadership from:
Faculty
Support Staff
IR Staff
Administrators
CEO/College President
Board

#### The college should establish structures and processes for the self study that ensure:

The college evaluates itself against each standard and eligibility requirement The college's evaluation is holistic, integrated (themes in the standards), and honest The self study report uses and is integrated with ongoing research, evaluation and planning The self study report leads to institution-wide reflection about quality and student learning Continued

The college should establish structures and processes for the self study that ensure:

The report summarizes and references evidence to support its analyses

The report has coherence and a single voice

The report is a meaningful document for the college, the team, and the Commission

# Resources for Doing a Self Study

#### **Institutional Reports**

Previous Accreditation Reports: Self Study, Midterm, Annual, Annual Fiscal, Progress, and Substantive Change Reports Team Report(s) Commission Action Letters Institutional Plans Education Facilities Financial Technology Human Resources continued

#### Rubric for Evaluating Institutional Effectiveness

This rubric measures the following characteristics of institutional effectiveness and evaluates each to determine the level of institutional implementation (Awareness, Development, Proficiency, or Sustainable Continuous Quality Improvement).

> Program Review *Integrated* Planning Student Learning Outcomes

#### Institutional data and analyses

Program reviews
Assessment reports
Student learning outcome data
Student achievement data
Environmental scans, market studies
Demographic studies

continued

#### Human Resources

Accreditation Liaison Officer (ALO)
Editor(s)
Institutional Research Staff
College President
Tech Support Staff

#### Technology Resources

#### Internet/intranet for:

- Communication about the self study process
- Sharing results of assessment
- Publishing draft analyses/reports for comment
- Providing access to data (internal and external)
- Presenting data, analyses and plans to the college or to the team
- Technology resources for the team to use in their work.

Special Commission Concerns and Related Commission Policies

#### **Commission Policies\***

Policy on Distance Learning
Policy Statement on Diversity
Principles of Good Practice in Overseas International Education Programs
Policy on Transfer and Award of Credit (2 policies)

Continued

\*See Accreditation Reference Handbook

# **Commission Policies\***

Continued

Contractual Relationships with Non-regionally accredited Institutions
Substantive Change Policy
Evaluation of Institutions in Multi-College/Multi-Unit Districts or Systems
Student and Public Complaints Against Institutions

\*See Accreditation Reference Handbook

## Some Considerations When Offering Distance Learning Programs to Assure Quality

#### 1. Unexpected Growth

Recent history (2-5 year span) of Distance Learning on the campus Increase in the number of courses offered on line Increase in the number of faculty teaching on line courses Increase in the number of students taking on line courses

#### 2. Increasing Expectations

Institutional processes that impact student access and completion of on line programs: admissions, orientation, registration, advising, financial aid course delivery, communication with students, tutoring services graduation applications, transcript requests, student survey collection and analysis

#### 3. Student Success Data

Class size Student retention and withdrawal Student course completion On-line pass rate compared with seat-time pass rate Student data collection and analysis Use of student data for improvement

#### 4. Quality Assurances

Academic Integrity: course content between on-line and seat-time courses Faculty on-line teaching capability Student capability for on-line delivery Faculty and Student support services Faculty and Student learning assessment systems

Integration with Institutional Mission

# Format of the Self Study Report, and The Site Visit

#### Format for the Self Study Report See Self Study Manual page 9

Certification of the Self Study Report **Eligibility Requirements** Responses to prior team recommendations **Descriptive Summary** Self Evaluation (citing the standards in the text) and resulting in... Planning Agenda (for institutional improvement) with references to institutional plans)

The Site Visit See Self Study Manual pp 14-15

Pre-visit by team chair

Electronic and hard-copy documents for the team

Team room and other facilities

- Availability of key personnel
- Classroom and off-site visits
- Access to distance education
- Exit report

#### After the visit See *Self Study Manual* p 16

Draft team chair report and correction of errors of fact Confidential team recommendation to the Commission Commission action and action letters from the Commission Institutional follow-up

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